Detailed Syllabus of Sociology (Pass)

1st SEMESTER -

Introduction to Sociology (GSO S1 01)

Unit 1: Origin, Nature and Scope of Sociology

• Meaning; Origin; Nature and Scope.

Unit 2: Sociology and other social sciences-

• Anthropology, History, Economics, Political Science

Unit 3: Basic Concepts in Sociology:

• Society; Community; Institution; Association

Unit 4: Basic Concepts in Sociology II

• Status and Role; Role Set; Role Conflict; Status Set; Social Norms; Social Sanctions; Folkways; Customs; Mores; Values; Norms and Values

Unit 5: Culture

Meaning, Types and Characteristics; Culture and Civilization; Popular Culture; Mass Culture

Unit 6: Social Groups:

• Meaning; Types- Primary; Secondary; In group; Out group; Reference Group; Quasi Group

Unit 7: Family, Marriage and Kinship:

• Meaning; Types; Characteristics and Functions

Unit 8: Social Structure; Social System; Social Organisation:

• Meaning and Concept

Unit 9: Socialisation:

• Meaning; Socialisation as a Process; Forms of Socialisation: Primary and Secondary; Stages of Socialisation; Agencies of Socialisation.

Unit 10: Social Stratification: Conceptual Discussion:

• Meaning and Concept; Characteristics; Social Stratification and Social Inequality; Hierarchy and Difference.

Unit 11: Basis of Social Stratification:

• Race; Caste; Class; Estate; Gender

Unit 12: Social Change:

• Meaning; Nature; Social Change and Progress; Types; Factors of Social Change; Modernity and Development.

Unit 13: Social Control:

• Meaning; Social Control and Social Order; Direct and Indirect Social Control; Social Deviance; Agencies of Social Control.

Unit 14: Social Mobility:

 Meaning and characteristics; Open and Closed Mobility: Meaning; Characteristics; and Differences

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Bottommore. T.B. 1972, Sociology: A guide to problems and literature.

Bombay: George Allen and Unwin (India)

: Harlambos, M.1998. Sociology: Themes and perspectives. New Delhi Oxford University Press.

: Inkeles, Alex, 1987. What is Skociology? New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.

: Jaiaram, No. 1988 . What is Sociology .Madras: Macmillan, India

Bottomore, T.B. (1972): Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature, Bombay: George Allen and Unwin (India).

Fulcher & Scott (2003: Sociology, New York: Oxford University Press.

Giddens, Anthony (2005): Sociology, Polity Press.

Harlambos & Holborn (2000): Sociology, London: Harper-Collins.

Johnson, Harry M. (1995): Sociology: A Systematic Introduction, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.

MacIver and Page (1974): Society: An Introductory Analysis, New Delhi: Macmillan & co.

P. Gisbert (2010): Fundamental of Sociology, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

2nd SEMESTER SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES GSO S2 02

Unit 1: Emergence Sociology and Sociological Theory:

• Intellectual forces- Enlightenment; Positivism; Growth of two different trends in Sociological Thought

Unit 2: Social Forces Behind Emergence of Sociology

Industrial and French Revolution

Unit 3: Auguste Comte:

• Introduction; Social Statics and Dynamics; Positivism; Law of Three Stage

Unit 4: Herbert Spencer:

Introduction; Influence of Biology on Spencer's Sociology; Influence from Physical Sciences; Evolutionary Theory

Unit 5: Emile Durkheim:

• Introduction; Social Facts; Division of Labour; Religion

Unit 6: Emile Durkheim:

• Suicide; Education

Unit 7: Karl Marx: Dialectical Materialism

• Introduction; Association with Hegel; Marx and Engels; Dialectical Materialism

Unit 8: Karl Marx: Theory of Surplus Value

• Theory of Surplus Value; Class and Class Conflict

Unit 9: Karl Marx: Theory of Alienation

• Alienation (Meaning; Nature; Causes and Consequences)

Unit 10: Unit 14: George Simmel: A Conceptual Overview

Unit 11: Max Weber: Social Action

Unit 12: Max Weber: Ideal Types, Authority, Bureaucracy

• Social Action, Authority, and Rationality

Unit 13: Max Weber: Religion and Capitalism

• Theory of Religion: Religion and Capitalism

Unit 14: Vilfredo Pareto:

• Logical and Non-Logical Actions; Residues and Derivatives; Circulation of Elite

SUGGESTED READINGS

Aron, Ramond. 1967(1982 reprint). Main currents in sociological thoughts (2 columes). Harmondsworth, Middlesex: Penguin Books.

Barnes, H.E. 1959. Introduction to the history to the sociology . Chicago. The University of Chicago press.

Coser, Lewis A. 1979. Masters of Sociological Thought. New York : Harcourt Brance Jovanovich

Fletcher, Ronald. 1994. The Making of Sociology (2 volumes) Jaipur-Rawat.

Morrison, Ken.1995 Marx, Durkheim, Weber: Formation of Modern Social Thought. London; sage.

Ritzer, George. 1996. Sociological Theory . New Delhi. Tata-McGraw Hill.

Singh, Yogendra. 1986 Indian Sociology: social conditioning and emerging Trends. New Delhi: Vistaar.

Zeitlin, Irving.1998 (Indian Edition). Rethiking sociology: A critique of Contemporary Theory. Jiapur: Rawat.

3rd SEMESTER INDIAN SOCIETY (GSO S3 03)

Unit 1: Geophysical Characteristics of Indian Society:

• Racial, Linguistic, Religious Overview.

Unit 2: Types of Indian Society:

• Tribal; Rural; Urban.

Unit 3: Marriages and Family in India:

• Family and marriage – Concepts – Types – Criteria of family formation. Some important dimensions of family: Household – Patriarchy, Gender division of labour.

Unit 4: Kinship System:

• Meaning; Types; Rules and Taboos; Kinship structure and pattern in the different geographical zones across India.

Unit 5: Caste in India:

Caste: Meaning and Characteristics; Caste and Varna; Sub- Caste; Caste and Class –
Jajmani system; Dominant Caste; Caste through the Ages; Administrative Interpretation
of Caste: Scheduled Castes; Abolition of Untouchability; Gandhi and Ambedkar on
Scheduled Castes; Problems of Scheduled Castes; Different measures; Policies and
Programmes for the Socio-economic wellbeing of the SCs.

Unit 6: Changing Nature of Caste:

• Casteism; Relationship between Caste and Politics; Caste and Voting behaviour; Political Elite, Political Parties and Caste Mobilisation

Unit 7: Tribes in India:

• Definitions; Caste and Tribe; Regional Distribution of Tribe; Provisions of the STs.

Unit 8: Women in Indian Society:

• Women in Ancient India: Vedic and Post – Vedic Periods; Buddhist period; Medieval Period; Reform Movements and struggle for Independence; Gender Relation in different of time; Women Empowerment.

Unit 9: Economy of Indian Society:

• Traditional Economy; Changes in the Traditional Economy; Economy in the Post Independence Period; New Economic Policies: Liberalisation; Globalisation and Privatisation:

Unit 10: Politics in India:

• Political System and Structure in Traditional and Modern Indian Society; Political Elite; Political Parties; Decentralisation of power; Emergence of Electoral System; Changes in Traditional Political System.

Unit 11: Rural life in India:

• Indian Villages; Traditional Characteristics of Indian villages; Agrarian Class Structure; Land Reforms and changes

Unit 12 – Rural Leadership:

Meaning – Types – Determinants – Characteristics – Role and significance of the study of rural leadership.

Unit 13: Process Social Change:

• Sanskritization, Westernization, Modernization, Industrialisation, Globalisation,

Unit 14: Social Problems in India (I): Corruption; Black Money; Smuggling

Unit 15: Social Issues:

Regionalism; Communism; Ethnicity; Multiculturalism

SUGGESTED READINGS

Ahuja, ram, 2004, Society in India- Concepts, Theories and Recent trends, Rawat Publications.

Dube, S.C. 1990, Society in India, National Book Trust, New Delhi.

Dube, S.C. 1995, India's changing villages, Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.

Mandellbaum, David, 2010, Society in India (Vol 1 &2) Popular Prakashan, Mumbai.

Srinivas, M.N. 1980, India: Social Structure, Hindustan Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.

Srinivas, M.N. 1963, Social Change in modern India, University of California Press, California, Barkeley.

Srinivas, M.N., and Shah A.M., 1968, "Hinduism" in IESS, pp.358-366

Momin, A.R., 1977, "The Indo Islamic Tradition" in Sociological Bulletin, 26:.

Uberoi, J.P.S., "1997, The Five symbols of Sikhism", in T.N. Madan (ed.) Religion in India.

Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Caplan, L., 2001, "Christian Fundamentalism" in T.N. Madan, (ed.), *Religion in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

4th SEMESTER SOCIAL PROBLEMS AND SOCIAL WELFARE (GSO S4 05)

UNIT 1: SOCIAL PROBLEM

Meaning and Nature; Characteristics; Causes; Types and Approaches.

UNIT 2: CRIME

Meaning and Concept of Crime, Meaning and concept of delinquency, Nature and Incidence, Characteristics and Type

UNIT3: POPULATION EXPLOSION AND ILLITERACY

Meaning; Trends and Patterns of Population Explosion, Causes of Overpopulation, Effects of Overpopulation in India, India's population policy, Meaning of Illiteracy, types of illiteracy, Causes of illiteracy, consequences of illiteracy, Illiteracy in Assam

UNIT 4: POVERTY AND UNEMPLOYMENT

Meaning; Absolute and Relative Poverty; Causes of poverty; Measures to control poverty, Types of unemployment; causes of unemployment; Consequences of Unemployment; measures to control the problem of unemployment; relation between poverty and unemployment

UNIT 5: SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES:

Concept; Magnitude; Implications; Caring for Infected; Role of Voluntary Organisations; Protective Programmes

UNIT 6: YOUTH UNREST:

Meaning, types of youth unrest, youth agitation, causes of youth unrest

UNIT 7: SOCIAL PROBLEMS RELATING TO WOMEN:

Prostitution, dowry, Violence against woman

UNIT8: SUPERSTITIONS:

Meaning, causes of superstition, effect of superstition, superstition and law

UNIT 9: TERRORISM AND VIOLENCE

Concept; Origin and Development; Objectives; Causes and Consequences

UNIT 10: ABUSE AGAINST CHILDREN

Child Labour; the Victims of Child Abuse; Causes of Child Abuse; Effects of Abuse on Children

UNIT 11: PROBLEMS OF THE BACKWARD CLASSES

Socio-economic problems of the SCs, STs and OBCs; Policies and Measures to solve the problems; Caste Attrocities.

UNIT 12: SOCIAL PROBLEMS AND SOCIAL WELFARE

Meaning; Importance; Nature and Scope;

UNIT 13: AGENCIES OF SOCIAL WELFARE

Role of NGOs in social welfare, Role of government in social welfare

UNIT 14: SOCIAL WELFARE PROGRAMMES:

Welfare of women and children, Health and Family Welfare, Welfare of the SCs and STs, Recent Social Welfare initiatives

UNIT 15: SOCIAL SECURITY

Meaning; Origin and Development; Scope; Importance; Social Security measures in India

READINGS

Beteille, Andre, 1974, Social Inequality, New Delhi,

:: Beteille, Andre, 1992, Backward classes in Contemporary India, New Delhi

- :: Berreman, G.D. 1979, Caste and other inequalities: Essays in inequality, Meerut: Folkore Institute.
- :: Dube, Leela. 1997. Woman and Kinship . Comperative perspective on Gender in South and Southeast Asia. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- :: Gadgil, Madhav and Guha, Ramchandra. 1996. Ecology and Equity: The Use and abuse of nature in Contemporary India. New Delhi. OUP
- :: Gill, S.S. 1998. The Pathology of Corruption . New Delhi.:
- :: Guha, Ranjit, 1991. Subaltern Studies, New York
- :: Madan, T.N. 1991, Religion in India, New Delhi.
- :: Ministry of Home Affairs. 1998. Crime in India. New Delhi. Govt.of India.
- :: Satya Murty. T.V. 1996 Region , Religion, Caste, Gender and Culture in Contemporary India. New Delhi. OUP.
- :: Sharma, S.L. 1997. "Towards Sustainable Development in India" In S.R. Mehta (Ed) , Population, Poverty, and Sustainable development, Jaipur. Rawat Publications.
- :: Sharma, Ursula. 1983. Woman, Work and Property in North West India.

London: Tavistock.

5TH SEMESTER: SOCIOLOGY OF Northeast India GSO S5 07

- Unit 1: Evolution of N.E India from a Historical Perspective Ancient; Pre Colonial; Post Colonial.
- Unit 2: Location and Ecology of N.E India and Assam in particular N.E: Location; Boundaries; Ecology of N.E India; Flora; Fauna and Rare Species; Ecological Hotspots
- Unit 3: Process of State Formation in Assam
 - Ahom Kingdom; Chieftainship; Annexation of British: Administrative Boundaries; Post Independence Period: Creation of Different States
- Unit 4: Emergence of Modern State:
- Unit 5: Demographic Composition of Northeast.
 - Racial; Linguistic; Caste; Religious; Tribal groups of Assam
- Unit 6: Social Institutions among the major tribal groups of the North Eastern states.
 - Marriage; Family; Kinship; Religion; Economy and Polity
- Unit 7: Immigration to Northeast India and Assam in Particular:
 - Immigrant groups; Occupation; Consequences of Immigration; Insider Vs Outsider feuds.
- Unit 8: Border disputes in N.E. India

Concept of Border and Territory; Major Border disputes in the region: Assam-Nagaland; Assam-Meghalaya; Causes and Consequences

Unit 9: Ethnic Identity in Northeast India

Ethnicity: Meaning and Characteristics; Intercommunity relations and its changing nature; Ethnic Conflict.

Unit 10: Autonomy movements in Assam

Autonomy: Meaning and Concept; Demand for Sixth Schedule; Demand for separate homeland; Causes and Its implications in Intercommunity relations

Unit 11: Terrorism and Violence in N.E India

Terrorism: Origin and Development in the region; Major Terrorist Organisations; Causes; and Consequences

Unit 12: Economy and Occupation of N.E India:

Land Holding patterns; Property relations; industries; etc

Unit 13: Socio-economic problems of N.E India:

Problems of Security: Internal and External; Isolation from the Mainstream; Communication Bottleneck; etc..

Unit 14: Indian Experience of Development in Northeast India:

NEC; Economic Reforms and its consequences in N.E; Impact of Globalisation; Look East Policy

SUGGESTED READINGS

Baruah, S. 2005. *Durable Disorder: Understanding the Politics of Northeast India*. Delhi:OUP Elwin, V. 1947. *A Philosophy for NEFA*. Itanagar: Directorate of Reasearch, Government of Arunachal Pradesh.

Karna, M.N. 2004. *Agrarian Structure and Land Reforms in Assam.* Delhi: Regency Weiner M. 1978. *Sons of the Soil.* Delhi: OUP.

6th SEMESTER

RURAL AND URBAN SOCIOLOGY (GSO S6 011)

Unit 1: Introduction to Rural Sociology:

Origin, Nature, Subject Matter, and Importance.

Unit 2: Rural Social Structure:

Caste and Class in Rural Set up; Family structure.

Unit 3: Changing Trends in Rural Social Structure.

Migration; Urbanisation and its impact; changes in the family system; caste-class continuum:

Unit 4: Rural Economy:

Land Tenure System, Land Reforms, Green Revolution & its Impact; Bonded & Migrant Labourers

Unit 5: Changes in the Rural Economy.

Industrialisation and its impact; Urbanisation and its impact; Growth of Tertiary or Service sector; Migration

Unit 6: Rural Political Structure:

Traditional Caste and Village Panchayats; Panchayati Raj before and after 73rd Caste Amendment, Panchayati Raj and Empowerment of Women.

Unit 7: Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas:

Special Schemes for development of women, Child development programmes.

Unit 8: Rural Development:

Community Development; IRDP; Minimum needs program. Syllabi

Unit 9: Tribal Development:

Development in Tribal Areas, Special Programmes for Tribal Areas; Constraints in Tribal Development

Unit 10: Globalisation and Indian Peasantry:

Agrarian Unrest and Peasant Movements in India.

Unit 12: Development of Urban Sociology:

Origin & Scope of Unban Sociology; Rural Urban Differences; Urban Sociology in India Unit 13: Urbanism & Urbanization:

Concept of Urban; Urban Locality; Urbanism; Urbanism as a way of life; Urbanisation; Definition; Process; Impact of Urbanisation on family, religion and caste; Suburbanisation; over-urbanisation.

Unit 14: Urban Problems I:

Issues of Urbanisation in India: Juvenile Delinquency, Beggary, Alcoholism & Drug Addiction, Spousal Violence.

Unit 15: Issues of Urban Society

Issues of Urbanisation in India: Housing & Slums; Pollution; Water supply; Urban Development policies.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Rao, M.S.A, (ed.), 1974, *Urban sociology: a reader*, New Delhi: Orient Longman, chs.1, 9, 10. Rao, Bhat and Kadekar (eds.) 1991, *Urban Sociology*, New Delhi: orient Longman, Rao, M.S.A, 1981, "Some aspects of the sociology of migration", *Sociological Bulletin*, Vol. 30, 1.

Dwyer, Rachel and Christopher Pinny (eds.), 2001, Pleasure and the nation: The history,

politics, and consumption of public culture in India, Oxford University Press. A.R.Desai, 1959, Rural Sociology India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay. A.R.Desai, 1979, Rural India in Transition, Popular Prakashan, Bombay. Doshi, S. L. and P.C. Jain, 2006. Rural Sociology, Rawat Publications, New Delhi. Jayapalan, N. 2002. Urban Sociology, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors, Delhi. Srivastava, K. S. 2010. Urban Sociology, RBSA Publishers.